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APPLICATION NO.	I	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/828,202		04/09/2001	Jia-Horng Shieh	ACR0025-US	3672		
28970	7590	08/28/2003					
SHAW PI			EXAMINER				
IP GROUP 1650 TYSC		EVARD	ABRAHAM, ESAW T				
SUITE 130	0.	- i .		·	·		
MCLEAN,	VA 2210	2	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
				2133	1		
		•		DATE MAILED: 08/28/2003	TE MAILED: 08/28/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)	0
		09/828,20	2	SHIEH, JIA-HORNG	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
	·	Esaw T Ab		2133	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication r Repty	appears on the	cover sheet with t	he correspondence address	
THE N - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failur - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION is consistent of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFFs SX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perestoreply within the set or extended period for reply will, by steply received by the Office later than three months after the mid palent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1,704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no eve reply within the statu riod will apply and will atute, cause the appl	nt, however, may a reply story minimum of thirty (30 Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS ication to become ABANI	be timely filed)) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communicationED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	28 June 2001 .			
2a) □		This action is	non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und				s is
Dispositi	on of Ctaims		,,	,,,	
4)🖾	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applica	tion.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from coi	nsideration.		
5)🖂	Claim(s) 13-20 is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				-
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an on Papers	nd/or election re	equirement.		
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ a	ccepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection t	o the drawing(s)	be held in abeyand	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)[The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)[] a _l	pproved b)□ disa	pproved by the Examiner.	
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in	n reply to this Of	fice action.		
12) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner.			
Priority t	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority docum	ients have bee	n received.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority docum	ients have bee	n received in App	lication No	
* 5	3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the paper application from the International See the attached detailed Office action for a	l Bureau (PCT	Rule 17.2(a)).		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom		<u>-</u>		ation).
a) The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	provisional ap	plication has beer	n received.	
Attachmen	· ·				
1) Notice 2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No			nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) rmal Paten1 Application (PTO-152)	
J.S. Patent and T		a Action Summa		Part of Paner No. 4	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 to 20 are presented for examination.

Priority

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35

U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been filed in parent Application No: 090102241 filed on 02/02/2001.

Specification

- 3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
- a) In page 1, line 6 of the disclosure the application number must be filled out by the applicant.
- b) In page 1, line 7 the application's filing data and month must be filled out by the applicant.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over applicants' admitted prior art (hereinafter admitted prior art) in view of Iwasa (U.S. PN: 6,470,473).

As per claims 1 and 7-9, the applicant's submitted prior art's figure 1 disclosed a conventional decoding system in a DVD storage system includes, a demodulator (see element 102) reads data and the data stored in the disk (see element 100) whereby the demodulator generates an ECC block (see element 107) and transmits to a data buffer (see element 106) wherein the ECC block comprises main data, PI (parity inner code), PO (parity outer code). Further, the applicant's submitted prior art teach that the main data append with PO to form an outer code RS (Reed-Solomon) and the RS append with PO and PI to form an inner code RS (Reed-Solomon), an ECC decoder reads the ECC block form the data buffer to form the error correction decoding along the PI direction and the PO direction of the ECC block, and a descrambling and EDC check reads corrected data stored in the data buffer for de-scrambling the main data and checking errors (see the applicants' disclosure page 1, lines 14-29). Furthermore, the applicants' submitted prior art teaches that when a host needs the main data an ATAPI (see element 118) reads the main data in the data buffer (see the applicants' disclosure page 1, lines 14-29). The applicants' submitted prior art did not explicitly teach a syndrome generator for

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generating PI syndrome and PO syndrome and a memory coupled to the syndrome generator for storing PO syndrome. However, Iwasa in an analogous art disclose a DVD data decoding processing system (see figure 3, reference number 30) includes a DVD reproducing unit (see element 32) and a buffer memory (see element 34) whereby the DVD reproducing unit includes a demodulating unit (see element 36) coupled to a PI syndrome generating unit (see element 38), an error correcting unit (see element 40), a PI syndrome storing memory (see element 48), a buffer memory (see element 42) having a memory capacity corresponding to a few lines, a PO syndrome generating unit (see element 44), a de-scrambling/EDC calculating part (see element 46), a PO syndrome storing memory (see element 50), an EDC calculation result storing memory (see element 52) and an error correcting part (see element 54), which are coupled as shown. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine (incorporate) the teachings of the applicant's prior art with the PI/PO syndrome generators including the memory (PO syndrome storing memory) for storing and calculating PO syndromes. This modification would have been obvious because a person having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so because it would be relatively high reliable in operation that results facilitating utilization of flexible and efficient memory configurations.

As per claims 2 and 3, the admitted prior art in view of Iwasa teach all the subject matter claimed including Iwasa in figure 3 teach an ECC decoder or ECC unit (see fig. 3, element 40) connected to PI syndrome storing memory (see element 48) and PO syndrome storing memory (see clement 50) to store PI and PO syndromes.

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As per claims 4 and 10, the admitted prior art in view of Iwasa teach all the subject matter claimed including a demodulator (see fig. 3, element 36) receives data read out from a disk (see element 14) to demodulate the received data and to develop the modulated data (convert codes to symbols) in the buffer memory (see col. 1, lines 44-53).

As per claims 5 and 11, the applicant's submitted prior art's figure 1 disclosed a conventional decoding system in a DVD storage system, a demodulator (see element 102) reads data and the data are stored in the disk (see element 100) whereby the demodulator generates an ECC block (see element 107) and transmits to a data buffer (see element 106) wherein the ECC block comprises main data, PI (parity inner code), PO (parity outer code). Further, the applicant's submitted prior art teach that the main data append with PO to form an outer code RS (Reed-Solomon) and the RS append with PO and PI to form an inner code RS (Reed-Solomon), an ECC decoder reads the ECC block form the data buffer to form the error correction decoding along the PI direction and the PO direction of the ECC block, and a de-scrambling and EDC check reads corrected data stored in the data buffer for de-scrambling the main data and checking errors (see the applicants' disclosure page 1, lines 14-29). Furthermore, the applicant submitted disclosure teaches that when a host needs the main data an ATAPI (see element 118) reads the main data in the data buffer. The applicant's submitted prior art did not explicitly teach PI/PO syndrome generators and transmitting PI syndrome to a data room and reading out PO syndrome. However, Iwasa in an analogous art disclose a DVD data decoding processing system (see figure 3, reference number 30) includes a DVD reproducing unit (see element 32) and a buffer memory (scc clement 34) whereby the DVD reproducing unit includes a demodulating unit (see element 36) coupled to a PI syndrome generating unit (see element 38), an error correcting unit (see

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element 40), a PI syndrome storing memory (see element 48), a buffer memory (see element 42) having a memory capacity corresponding to a few lines, a PO syndrome generating unit (see element 44), a de-scrambling/EDC calculating part (see element 46), a PO syndrome storing memory (see element 50), an EDC calculation result storing memory (see element 52) and an error correcting part (see element 54), which are coupled as shown. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine (incorporate) the teachings of the applicant's prior art with the PI/PO syndrome generators including the memories (PI and PO syndrome storing memory) for storing and calculating PI and PO syndromes. This modification would have been obvious because a person having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so because it would be relatively high reliable in operation that results facilitating utilization of flexible and efficient memory configurations.

As per claims 6 and 12, the admitted prior art in view of Iwasa teach all the subject matter claimed including a demodulator (see fig. 3, element 36) receives data read out from a disk (see element 14) to demodulate the received data and to develop the modulated data (convert codes to symbols) in the buffer memory (see col. 1 lines 44-53).

Examiner's statement for reason for allowance

The following is an examiner's statement for allowance:

5. Claims 13-20 have been allowed.

As per claim 13, the prior arts (applicants' submitted prior art in view of Iwasa (U.S. PN: 6,470,473)) record teach a decoding system in a DVD storage system includes, a demodulator

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(see element 102) reads data the data stored in the disk (see element 100) whereby the demodulator generates an ECC block (see element 107) and transmits to a data buffer (see element 106) wherein the ECC block comprises main data, PI (parity inner code), PO (parity outer code). Further, the applicant submitted disclosure that a de-scrambling and EDC check reads corrected data stored in the data buffer for de-scrambling the main data and checking errors (see the applicants' disclosure page 1, lines 14-29). Furthermore, the applicant submitted disclosure teach that when a host needs the main data an ATAPI (see element 118) reads the main data in the data buffer. Iwasa disclose a DVD data decoding processing system (see figure 3, reference number 30) includes a DVD reproducing unit (see element 32) and a buffer memory (see element 34) whereby the DVD reproducing unit includes a demodulating unit (see element 36) coupled to a PI syndrome generating unit (see element 38), an error correcting unit (see element 40), a PI syndrome storing memory (see element 48), a buffer memory (see element 42) having a memory capacity corresponding to a few lines, a PO syndrome generating unit (see element 44), a de-scrambling/EDC calculating part (see element 46), a PO syndrome storing memory (see element 50), an EDC calculation result storing memory. However, the prior art taken singly or in combination fail to teach a first de-scrambler and EDC check for descrambling main data stored in data buffer and checking whether errors in main data being corrected and a second de-scrambler and EDC check for de-scrambling main data which EDC checking is not finished yet and then checking again whether errors in main data being corrected. Therefore, claim 1 is allowable.

Claims 14-16, which are directly or indirectly dependents of claim 13 are also allowable.

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As per claim 17, the prior arts (applicants' submitted prior art in view of Iwasa (U.S. PN: 6,470,473)) record teach a decoding method in a DVD storage system includes, a demodulator (see element 102) reads data the data stored in the disk (see element 100) whereby the demodulator generates an ECC block (see element 107) and transmits to a data buffer (see element 106) wherein the ECC block comprises main data, PI (parity inner code), PO (parity outer code). Further, the applicant submitted disclosure that a de-scrambling and EDC check reads corrected data stored in the data buffer for de-scrambling the main data and checking errors (see the applicants' disclosure page 1, lines 14-29). Furthermore, the applicant submitted disclosure teach that when a host needs the main data an ATAPI (see element 118) reads the main data in the data buffer. Iwasa disclose a DVD data decoding processing system (see figure 3, reference number 30) includes a DVD reproducing unit (see element 32) and a buffer memory (see element 34) whereby the DVD reproducing unit includes a demodulating unit (see element 36) coupled to a PI syndrome generating unit (see element 38), an error correcting unit (see element 40), a PI syndrome storing memory (see element 48), a buffer memory (see element 42) having a memory capacity corresponding to a few lines, a PO syndrome generating unit (see element 44), a de-scrambling/EDC calculating part (see element 46), a PO syndrome storing memory (see element 50), an EDC calculation result storing memory. However, the prior art taken singly or in combination fail to teach writing PI syndrome, said main data and PO into a data buffer and transmitting said main data to a first de-scrambler and EDC check to de-scramble said main data and check whether errors in said main data being corrected and reading said PI syndrome from said data buffer to an ECC decoder to perform the error correction decoding of

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the PI direction, and transmitting the error to a second de-scrambler and EDC check get the EDC check of the PI direction. Therefore, claim 17 is allowable.

Claims 18-20, which are directly or indirectly dependents of claim 17 are also allowable.

Conclusion

 The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US PN: 6,167,548 Yamakura

US PN: 6,543,026 Dadurian

US PN: 6,052,815 Zook, Christopher R.

US PN: 6,158,039 Cho et al.

US PN: 6,317,855 Horibe

US PN: 6,009,549 Bliss et al.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Esaw Abraham whose telephone number is (703) 305-7743. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are successful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert DeCady can be reached on (703) 305-9595. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for after final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY-CENTER 2100